

Barrax JECAM Site (Spain)

JECAM/GEOGLAM Science Meeting

Brussels, Belgium

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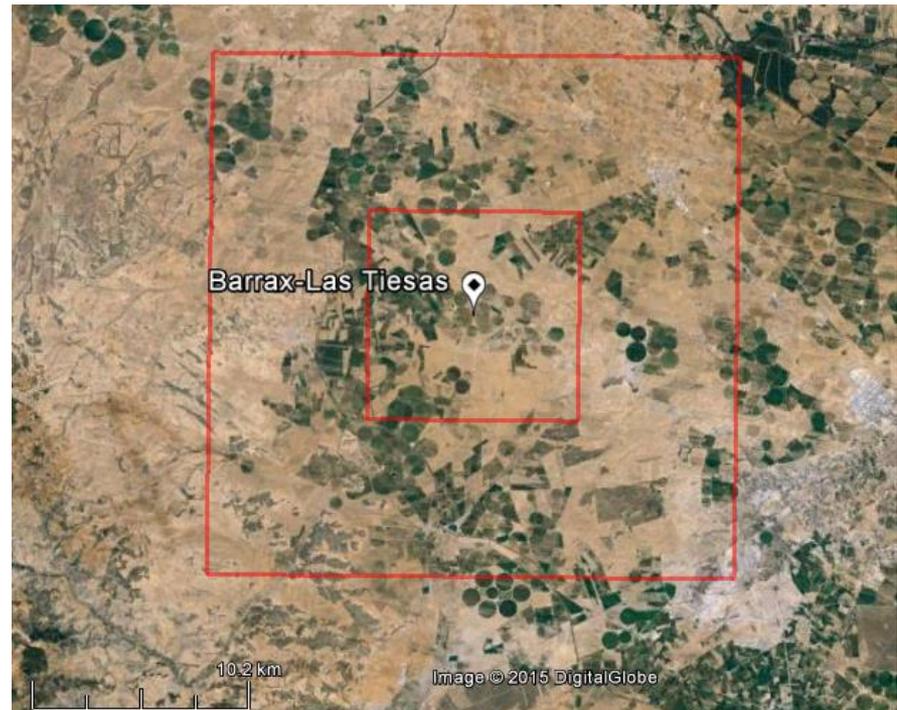


Site Description

Barrax has been a study area in many ESA cal/val studies (DAISEX, SPARC, SEN2FLEX, SEN3EXP) and irrigation assisted by EO projects (DEMETER, sigAGROasesor, FATIMA)

- **Location**

The study area is located in “Las Tiesas” farm (39.074 N, 2.104 W) , managed by the Technical Agronomic Institute of the Province (ITAP) (<http://www.itap.es/>). It is located near Barrax (Albacete, Spain), in the Castilla-La Mancha plateau : *Don Quijote’s land*.



Site Description

- **Topography**

The area is characterized by a flat morphology and large, uniform irrigated land-use, surrounded by large areas of cereals (~ 10 hc – 100 hc). Differences in elevation range up to 2 m only.

- **Soils**

The soil is classified as Petrocalcic Calcixerepts with a silty-clayloam texture (13.4% sand, 48.9% silt, and 37.7% clay)

- **Drainage class/irrigation**

Soils moderately well drained / Sprinklers and pivots

- **Climate and weather**

Temperate Mediterranean climate. Warm but with extreme temperatures in summer and winter.



Site Description

- Crop calendar

Winter and summer crops

- Typical Crop rotation

Wheat-Corn-Garlic/Onion

- Crop Types:

Wheat, Barley, Camelina, Garlic, Onion, Potato, Sunflower, Alfalfa, Pappaver, Sugarbeet..



Garlic



Alfalfa



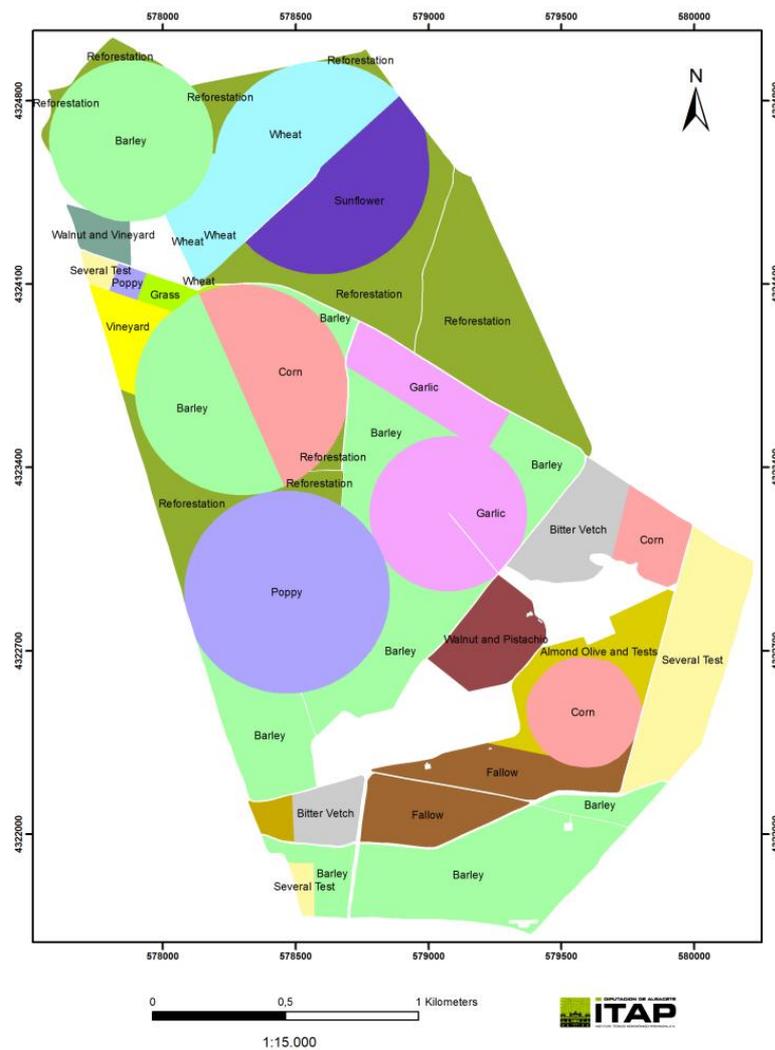
Papaver Somniferum



Wheat & Barley



Landuse 2014 - 2015. "Las Tiasas" Farm



Project Objectives

- Mapping Agricultural Areas (UCLM, EOLAB)

Crop type (2 per year) & cropped area

- Crop Growing Conditions (ITAP)

Soil Moisture, Evapotranspiration

- Monitoring biophysical variables (EOLAB)

LAI, FAPAR, Cover fraction

Canopy Water content, leaf chlorophyll content

Optimization of indices and empirical relationship for biophysical retrieval

- Phenological Events (EOLAB)

Continuous PAI monitoring with PASTIS

Earth Observation (EO) Data Received/Used

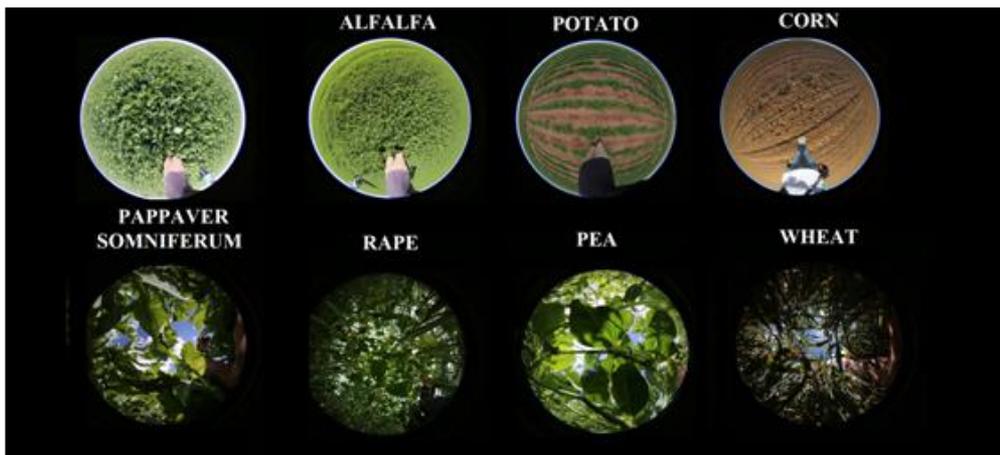
Landsat OLI sensors:

- UGSS earthexplorer TOA & TOC
- Optical: Red, Green, NIR, SWIR1 are used
- Number of scenes : 6-10 per year, during field campaign experiments.

Landsat-8 METADATA		
Platform / Instrument	Landsat-8 / OLI_TIRS	
Path	199	200
Row	33	
Selected Bands	B3(green) : 0.53-0.59 μm B4(red) : 0.64-0.67 μm B5(NIR) : 0.85-0.88 μm B6(SWIR1) : 1.58-1.65 μm	
	First campaign	Second campaign
	26th to 28th May, 2015	22nd July, 2015
Acquisition date	2015.06.07	2015.07.16
	10:42:50	10:49:21
Illumination Azimuth angle	127.420°	126.763°
Illumination Elevation angle	23.572°	25.659°

In situ Data

- DHP, Li-COR LAI-2200, Ceptometer AccuPAR LP-80



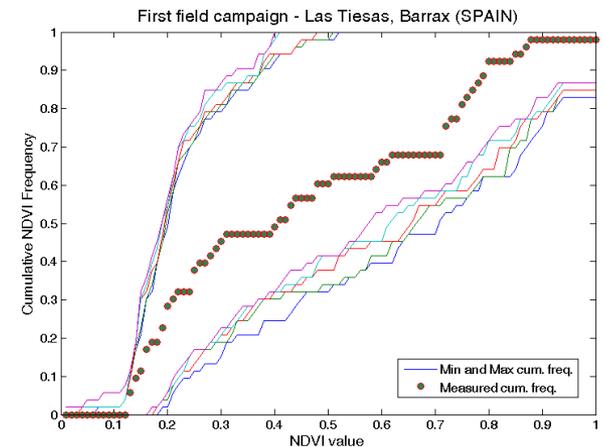
In situ Data

- Sampling according to the FP7 ImagineS field protocol (details later)
 - 30-50 ESUs
 - Visual inspection for bare areas or senescent crops



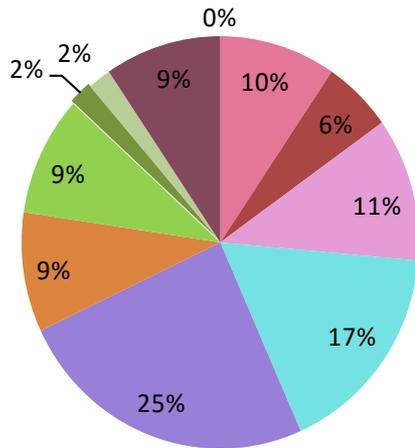
- ESU (DHP & Accupar measurements)
- PASTIS - PAR (1 per ESU - 5+1 sensors)
- PASTIS - PAR (3 per ESU - 17+1 sensors)

Sampling evaluation

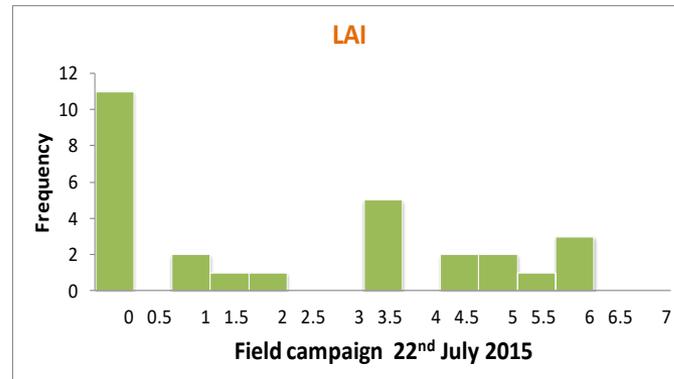
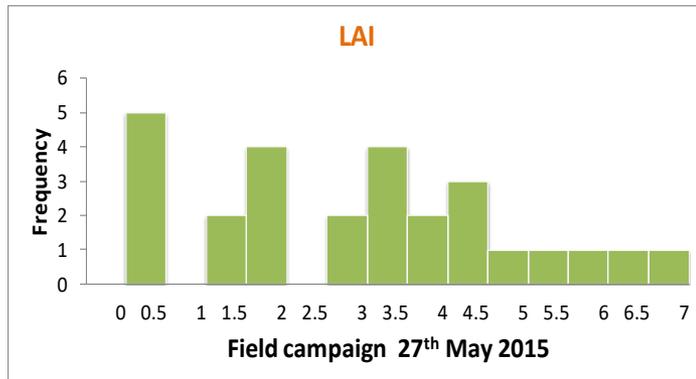
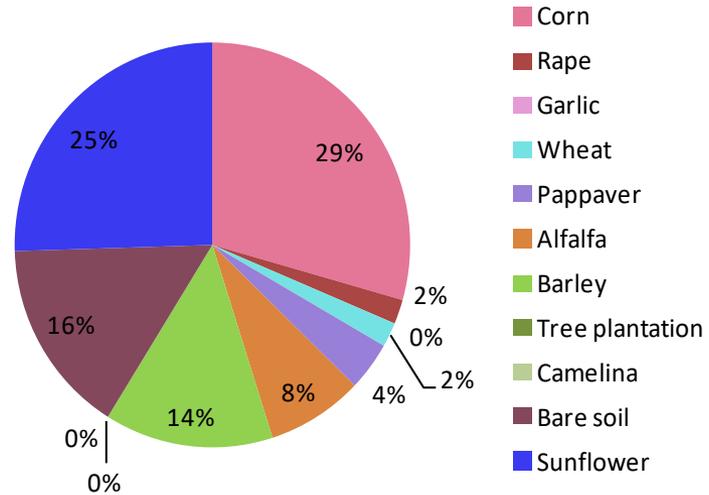


In situ Data

- Summer crop campaigns
27th May 2015

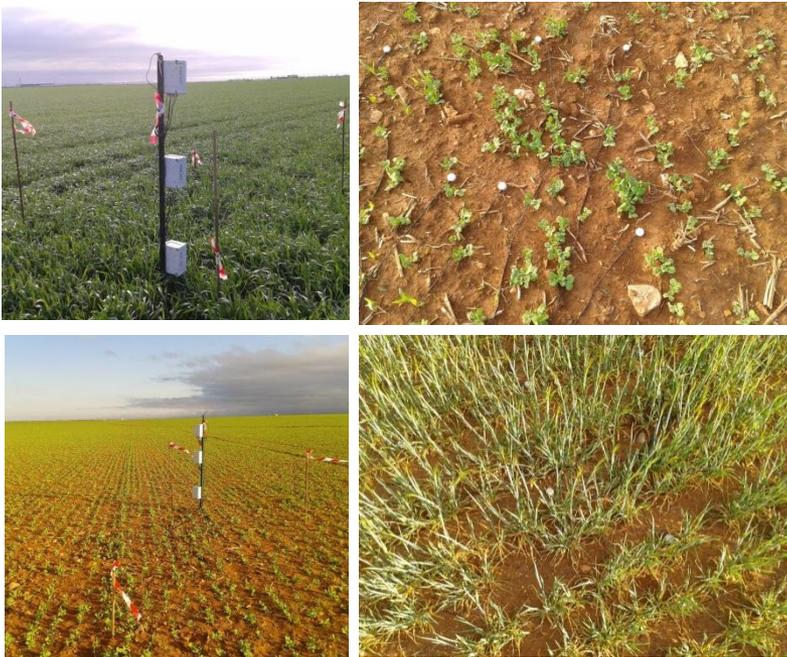


- 22nd July 2015



In-situ Data

- Seasonal monitoring, inter-comparison and continuous monitoring of PAI using PASTIS-PAR sensors an instrument capable of acquiring continuous measurements of transmittance (INRA, France) over different crops for winter and summer crops (2015-2016).



2014 example



27th May 2015

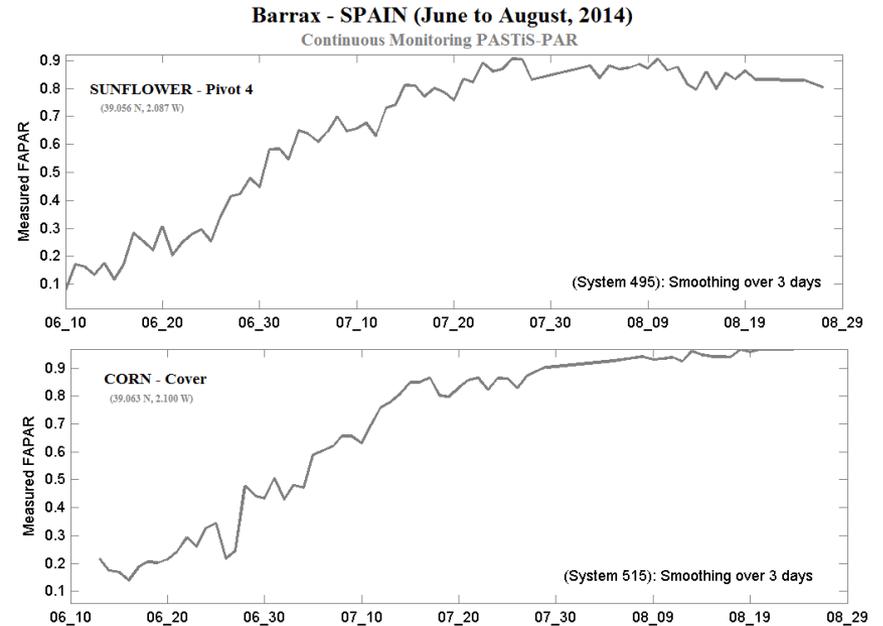
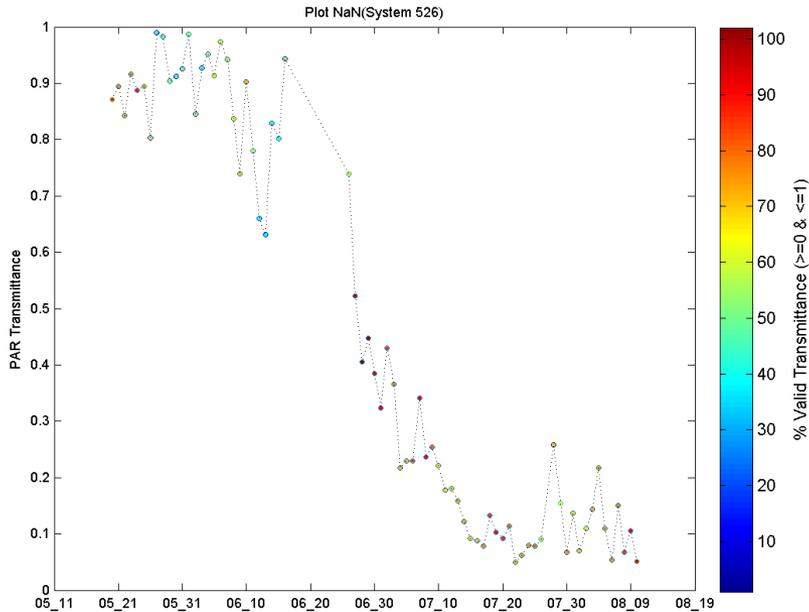
22nd July 2015

19th September 2015

2015 example

PASTIS-PAR sensors

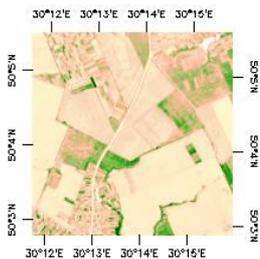
- Results from 2014



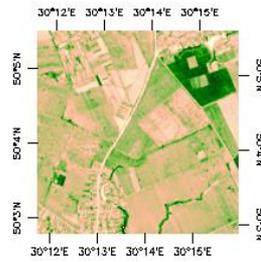
Collaboration

- Biophysical variables collected in other JECAM sites have been used for up-scaling with HR data in support of Copernicus Global Land Validation
 - Ukraine (Pshenichne): supported by FP7 ImagineS project.
 - Capitanata (Italy)
 - Tula (Russia): supported by FPT ImagineS, but data not useful.
 - Guang-dong (China)
- University of Castilla-la Mancha
 - Crop type mapping

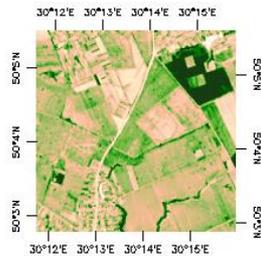
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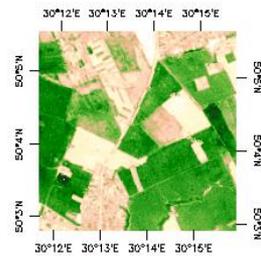
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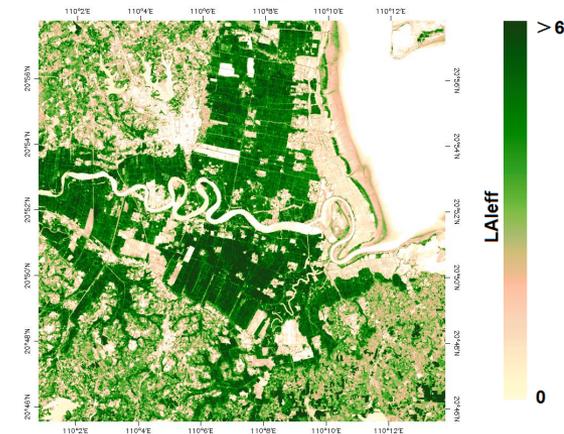
7-07-2015



23-07-2015



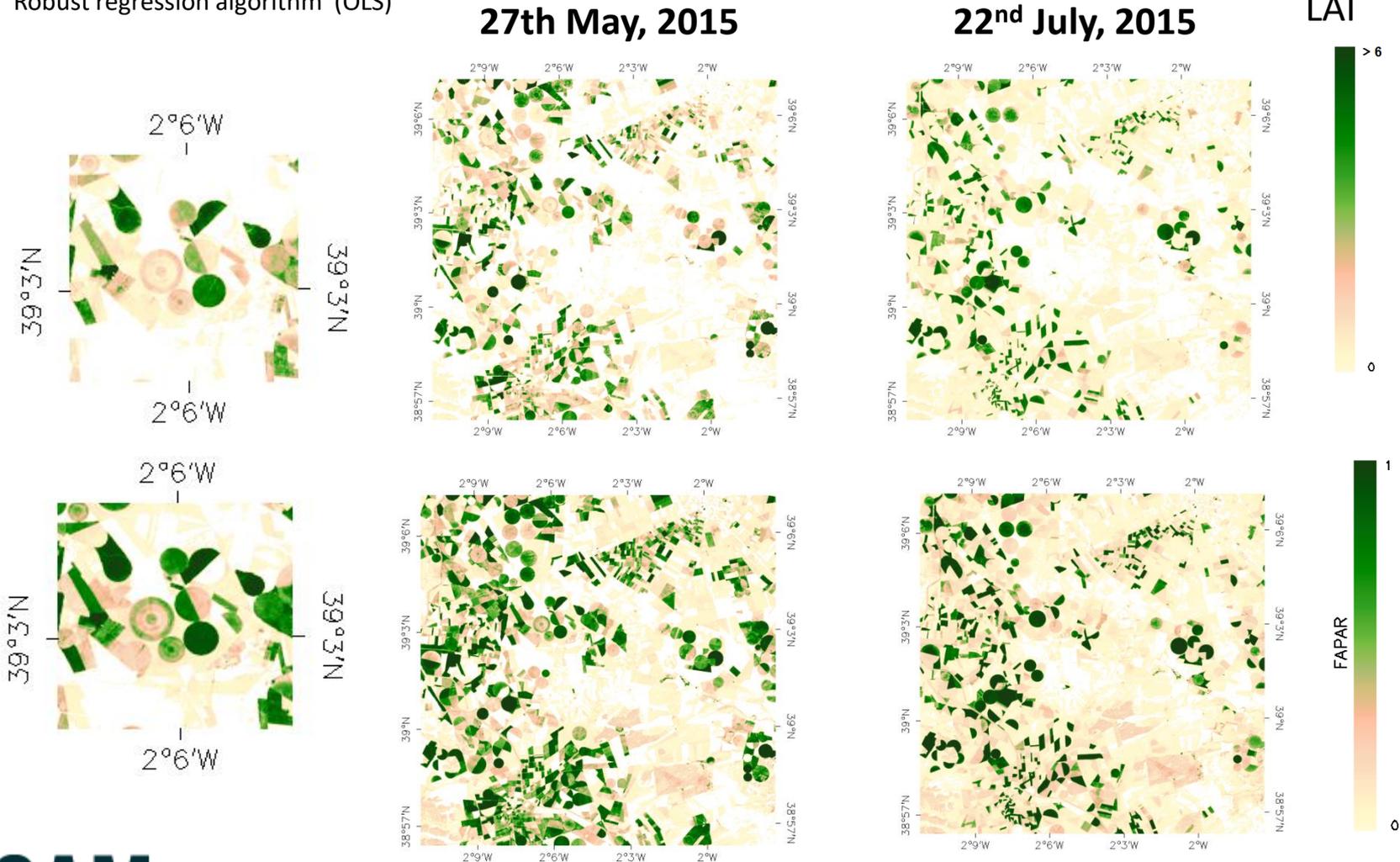
Guang-dong



Results

- Mapping biophysical variables over Barrax

- Robust regression algorithm (OLS)



Research Plans for Next Growing Season

- Will you hold the course, or modify the approach?
 - Similar approach for biophysical monitoring (EOLAB).
 - Starting crop type identification – comparisons with UCLM methodology
- Intensive campaign for biophysical monitoring will be done at a monthly frequency (EOLAB)
- Land cover type and crop area mapping
 - Reference map produced by UCLM (two times per year)
- EO data next year?
 - Landsat-8 / Sentinel-2